Meeting	Decisions
5	It was decided that keeping in view the inflows and storages in the four Karnataka reservoirs and in Mettur as well as the requirements of the two States, Karnataka should release waters from its reservoirs so as to ensure an inflow of 9000 cusecs at Mettur amounting to about 0.8 TMC per day accounted on a weekly average basis for the months of September and October, 2002. Tamil Nadu in turn will ensure proportionate releases to Pondicherry.
6	Keeping in view the urgent need of water for standing crops in Tamil Nadu as also the drinking water requirement in Karnataka, the Supreme Court has, while hearing an application of Tamil Nadu, ordered on 6.2.2003 that the State of Karnataka shall released sufficient water from its reservoirs so as to ensure on an average inflow of 4500 cusec of water per day at Mettur till a final decision is taken by CRA. Since Tamil Nadu requires water now it will be appropriate if the same quantity *i.e.* 4500 cusec on an average is made available at Mettur for another 3 days. Thereafter, the inflows may be ensured by Karnataka as per the interim order of CWDT. Tamil Nadu will make proportionate releases to Pondicherry.

Funds allocated for anti-erosion works in Uttar Pradesh

1786. SHRI B. P. SINGHAL: Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) the total amount released to Uttar Pradesh during 2001 by Government for the purpose of taking up critical anti-erosion works;

(b) the amount demanded by the Government of Uttar Pradesh under the scheme of "Critical anti-erosion works in Ganga Basin States" during the years 2001 and 2002;

(c) the details of the works carried out under this scheme and the amount spent on each work during the years 2001 and 2002;

(d) whether the Government of Uttar Pradesh has demanded more funds to carry out the work under this scheme; and

(e) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRIMATI BIJOYA CHAKRAVARTY): (a) An amount of Rs. 4.00 crore was released to the Government of Uttar Pradesh during 2000-01 and Rs. 6.89 crore during 2001-02 for taking up critical anti-erosion works in the State.

(b) During 2000-01; no demand was received from the Government of Uttar Pradesh, whereas Rs. 16.10 crore was demanded by the State Government during the year 2001 -02. However, the released of funds is dependent on the progress of works and the utilization of funds by the State Government.

(c) The details of the critical anti-erosion schemes and the expenditure incurred by the Government of Uttar Pradesh during 2000-2001 & 2001-02 are given in the enclosed Statement (See below).

(d) and (e) No further demand for funds has been received from the Government of Uttar Pradesh to carry out works under the critical anti-erosion scheme. However, the Ministry of Water Resources, Government of India released further an amount of Rs. 5.44 crore during 2002-03 making the total release under the scheme so far as Rs. 16.33 crore out of their Central share of Rs. 20.4875 crore. The release of remaining funds will depend upon the progress of works and submission of utilization certificate by the State Government.

Statement

Details of critical anti-erosion schemes and expenditure incurred by Government of Uttar Pradesh during 2000-01 and 2001-02

SI. No.	Name of Scheme	Expenditure during 2000-2001 (Rs. in lakh)	Expenditure during 2001-2002 (Rs. in lakh)
1	2	3	4
1.	(a) Flood management works on the left banks of the river Ganga for protection of NH 19, Ballia-Bairia embankment except Sherpur Village, Distt. Ballia, Estt. Cost Rs. 511.00 lakh (b) Scheme for protection of 25 tube well cluster near Sherpur village, Distt. Gazipur. Estt. Cost Rs. 123.50 lakh	160.00	475.32

1	2	3	4
2.	Flood Protection works of Raunahi embankment from 0.6 to 1.7 km on right bank of river Ghaghra Distt. Faizabad, Estt. Cost Rs. 310.00 lakh	41.18	163.82
3.	Flood Protection works of Vikramjot Dhuswa embankment from 9.4 km to 10.4 km on right bank, of river Ghanghra Oist. Basti, Estt. Cost. Rs. 644.00 lakh	75.00	495.07
4.	Flood Protection works of Ahirauldan-Pipraghat embankment from 1.5 km to 2.2 km. on right bank, of river Gandak, Distt. Kushinagar, Estt. Cost Rs. 302.00 lakh	30.00	42.66
5.	Flood Protection works of Bibipur Belauli embankment on right bank of river Ghaghra, Distt. Mau, Estt. Cost Rs. 376.00 lakh	30.10	29.25
6.	Raising and strengthening of Pipra-Piprasi retired embankment along right bank of river Gandak Distt. Kushinagar, Estt. Cost Rs. 378.00 lakh	40.00	39.66

Funds utilized by U.P. Government for maintenance of Gandak Embankments

1787. SHRI B. P. SINGHAL: Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the amount of Rs. 1.8 crore released by Government during the last three years to the State of Uttar Pradesh for maintenance of Gandak embankments in Nepal portion on the recommendation of Gandak High Level Committee has been utilized by the State Government for the said purpose;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRIMATI BIJOYA CHAKRAVARTY): (a) An amount of